



Figure 1

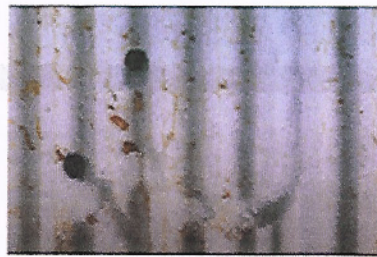


Figure 2



Figure 3



Figure 4



Figure 5

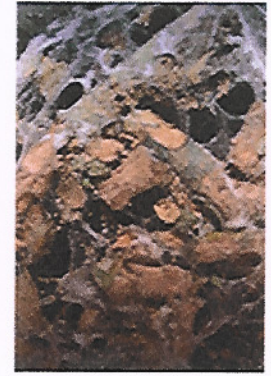


Figure 6



Figure 7



Figure 8



Figure 9

- Figure 1. Black carpet beetle larva and associated leafcutting bee cell damage.
Figure 2. Polystyrene nest material damaged by black carpet beetle larvae.
Figure 3. Dried-fruit moth larva.
Figure 4. Dried-fruit moth larva and associated leafcutting bee cell damage.
Figure 5. Polystyrene nest material damaged by dried-fruit moth larvae.
Figure 6. Dried-fruit moth larval webbing after fall cocoon spinning period.
Figure 7. Adult dried-fruit moth.
Figure 8. Adult white-marked spider beetle.
Figure 9. Leafcutting bee cells damaged by white-marked spider beetle.

This research is funded by the Canada-Saskatchewan Agri-Food Innovation Fund (AFIF), and is also supported by Agriculture & Agri-Food Canada (AAFC) and the Saskatchewan Alfalfa Seed Producers Association (SASPA).